INITIATIVES OF ZAKAT INSTITUTION IN MALAYSIA TO AID SME DURING THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC

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ABSTRACT

This article describes how zakat institutions are assisting asnaf who have small enterprises that have been impacted by the COVID-19 outbreak in Malaysia. During the research, qualitative research methods and comparative analysis were applied. According to studies, zakat institutions in Malaysia seek to provide various sorts of help to asnaf entrepreneurs. Cooperation with government agencies, the delivery of financial aid, and the provision of training are only a few of them. The zakat institution's initiative demonstrates that it is capable of upholding trust and is concerned about the difficulties faced by Malaysia's Muslim population.

Keywords: Zakat institutions, initiatives, SME.

INTRODUCTION

After two years of recovery from the COVID-19 accident, the country faces numerous obstacles. In 2020, the COVID-19 epidemic began to spread rapidly. The country was forced to establish the Movement Control Order (MCO) to limit and curb the spread of the hazardous epidemic, which threatened thousands of lives at the time (Periasamy, 2020).

While the community's safety can be protected and conserved, it must also shoulder additional burdens. Due to the MCO declaration, many areas of the economy were temporarily shut down, and businesses and factories were unable to operate. The country's tourism industry, which contributes to the economy, was severely impacted. Many people lose their jobs and their source of income as a result of layoffs. Some people who work earn a low wage because their employer has to reduce their pay to offset other expenses (Aw et al, 2021).

For each phase of the MCO, the government has relaxed some rules to allow people to reemploy and make money through business activities. Despite the flexibility provided, SMEs are forced to restart their operations with such difficulty. The Small and Medium Enterprises Sector (SMEs) is well known as one of the sectors that has contributed to the country's economy through the Gross Domestic Product (GDP), exports and employment. Finance Minister,

Tengku Datuk Seri Zafrul Tengku Abdul Aziz, said the SMEs sector is also the biggest contributor in providing employment opportunities in the country with 70 per cent of the workforce in the sector. (Awang 2021).

Nonetheless, the COVID-19 epidemic has already had an impact on Malaysia's economy, particularly the Small and Medium Enterprises Sector (SMEs). By 2020, SMEs' GDP will have fallen faster than Malaysia's GDP, which has slumped. (Mohamad H.F, 2021).

METHODOLOGY

This is a qualitative study. Data is gathered through the examination of documents, such as books, journal papers, news plans, and articles from the institutes participating in the research. Document analysis can be used to collect data that is relevant to the issues and problems being investigated. After explaining the situation of the impact of the COVID-19 disaster, as well as the interests of SMEs and zakat institutions in the country's economy, the concept of study is explained with a description of zakat and asnaf zakat. Then the study identified the initiatives of government agencies, corporate companies and NGOs in assisting SMEs.

This study also focuses on the initiative of zakat institutions in Malaysia to help SMEs from the asnaf group from the beginning of the COVID-19 pandemic until early 2022. Once the data is obtained, it will be analyzed using the content analysis method by identifying, filtering, interpreting, and dividing the data into categories of asnaf entreprenuers who are eligible for the assistance of the zakat institution (Broad, O. 2018).

ROLE OF THE INSTITUTION OF ZAKAT MALAYSIA

Zakat is an Arabic word which is a derivative word (maṣdar) from the origin of the word zakā – yazkū – zakātan which means growing, yield and surplus. As Saidina 'Alī RA said: -

المال تنقصه النفقة والعلم يزكو على الإنفاق "The treasure will be reduced if spent while the knowledge will also grow by being delivered" (Ibn Manzūr, 1990)

Furthermore, zakat is also the meaning of purification, as used in Surah al-Kahfi verse 81: -

فَأَرِثَنَا أَن يُتِلِّهُمَا رَبُّهُمَا خَيْرِا مِّنَٰهُ زَكُوٰةً وَأَقْرَبَ رُحْما "so, we wished that their Lord might replace for them a son better than him of the cleanliness of the soul, and more merciful," (Basmeih, 2000)

Therefore, property zakat can be said to be the purification of property for cleaning it with the right to be issued.

Zakat is an obligation on everyone who has the conditions. It becomes the third pillar of Islam that needs to be fulfilled as a Muslim. The Islamic law of the Quran, al-Sunnah and Ijma'has affirmed the sanctioning of zakat. In the Quran, the obligation of it is in line with the obligation that Allah has commanded to perform the prayer as well in Surah al-Nur verse 56: -

"And perform the prayer and pay the zakat; and obey the Messenger of Allah; so that you may receive mercy (Basmeih, 2000).

There are also many hadiths from the Prophet PBUH which indicate the obligation to pay zakat, among them is a hadith narrated by Ibn 'Umar that the Prophet PBUH said: -

"Islam is built on five things: Testify that there is no god but Allah and testify that Muhammad is the messenger of Allah, perform prayers, pay zakat, perform hajj and fast in the month of Ramadan" (Al-Bukhārī, M. I., 2001).

The Islamic Religious Council of the States (MAIN) is a responsible and powerful institution for managing zakat. The affairs of zakat under the act or enactment in their respective states or placed under a specific enactment on zakat. This Act or enactment provides power to MAIN or the company it appoints to collect zakat from the owner of the property and everyone who violates the act or enactment may be punished. The management of the zakat distribution is carried out either by MAIN directly or by the appointed representatives and distributed according to the asnaf division available in their respective states (Suhaimi, 2020).

Asnaf zakat has been explained in the Quran, surah at-Taubah verse 60.

"The zakat is only for faqir, the poor (miskin), the managers of the zakat, the muallaf are persuaded, to set themselves free, those who are in debt, for the cause of Allah and those who are on the way, as a decree which Allah has decreed; and Allah is All-Knowing, All-Wise" (Basmeih, 2000).

SMEs entrepreneurs that were harmed to the point of poverty as a result of the COVID-19 disaster, which was intended in this study, were categorized from asnaf faqir or asnaf miskin. Asnaf faqir is a Muslim who has no property or income, or has no property or income but does not reach 50 percent of the kifayah limit of himself and his dependents. While the asnaf miskin is a Muslim who has a property or income that can only cover more than 50 percent of his needs and dependents but still not enough kifayah limit.

In response to the crises that has afflicted the community, particularly asnaf entrepreneurs, Malaysian zakat institutions have taken a proactive approach to finding measures to alleviate their load. This is why the zakat institution was founded. The institution of zakat in early history of Islam is located under the authority of the Bayt al Mal. Bayt al Mal is an effective economic management system created by Islamic civilization. This institution is a bulwark to the country's economy in times of disaster, severe drought and the existence of killer plagues.

The study found that the system of zakat institution existed during the time of the Prophet PBUH when he commanded some of the Companions to collect zakat, jizyah, ghanimah and kharaj. For example, Muaz bin Jabal was sent to Yemen to collect zakat and Abu Ubaidah to Bahrain to collect jizyah (Ar-Sirjani, 2010). This effort was further streamlined during the reign of Umar al-Khattab when it created Bayt al Mal to launch the management of the property of the Muslims. Allah swt said in surah Al-Ḥashr verse 7:

What Allah has given to His Messenger (Muhammad SAW) of the property of the people of the land, the town or the village, is for Allah, and to the Messenger, and to the relatives, and the orphans, and the needy, and the traveller. that it may not circulate among the rich among you (Basmeih, 2000).

This verse demonstrates the significance of establishing a zakat agency tasked with managing Muslim property and distributing it to the rightful owners.. Zakat institutions are also a prospective source of funding for social goals, and they deserve more attention for this reason (Qistina & Sim, 2021).

INITIATIVE OF ZAKAT INSTITUTION TO SME

Various parties have paid attention to the difficulties and losses suffered by small business owners. Before analysing zakat institution initiatives, this study will mention the initiatives by government agencies, corporations, and non-governmental organization (NGO). It can be seen how these many institutions complement one another.

The government's concern for SMEs issues can be seen through the assistance provided under the Malaysian Small and Medium Enterprise Corporation. (SME Corp. Malaysia). The government has proactively introduced several initiatives such as bantuan Geran Khas Prihatin (GKP), micro entreprenuers receives a one-off of RM3,000 per person and it continues with a giveaway GKP 2.0. Besides that, the Government also provides facilities Bantuan dan Pemulihan Bersasar a total of RM8 billion to help PKS in the service sector to obtain loans for working capital purposes, with a benefit rate of 3.5%. Skim Pembiayaan PKS PENJANA (PSF) a total of RM2 billion is also offered based on terms and conditions (SMEinfo).

In addition, the Government also announced other aid packages such as Pelan Jana Semula Ekonomi Negara (PENJANA), Pakej Bantuan Perlindungan Ekonomi & Rakyat Malaysia (PERMAI), Program Strategik Memperkasa Rakyat & Ekonomi (PEMERKASA), Program Strategik Memperkasa Rakyat & Ekonomi Tambahan (PEMERKASA PLUS) and Pakej Perlindungan Rakyat & Pemulihan Ekonomi (PEMULIH) aimed at reducing the impact of COVID-19 and redeveloping the country's economic growth(SMEinfo).

Several large companies have also made efforts to assist SMEs in increasing their business sales. Axiata Group is one of them, offering financial help to SMEs. The COVID-19 initiative, worth RM150 million, has been announced by the Axiata Group and its subsidiaries to assist micro-SMEs in financial difficulties as a result of the unprecedented coronavirus outbreak. (Yeng & Yap, 2020).

Digi Business is committed to assisting small and micro business owners in Malaysia with digital solutions and mobile plans worth more than RM150,000 in the face of today's challenging situation. Digi Business has joined hands with Astro Radio in #KamiCareMbiz programme. The initiative aims to increase business activities by publicising the products and services of the business through Astro radio's multilingual channels. (Hussin, 2021).

TheStar is assisting with the organisation of the Outstanding Business Star Awards (SOBA) 2021 #SOS: Save Our SMEs Webinar, which will explain how businesses can best exploit the 2022 Budget to help them expand. (TheStar, 2021).

The study also found that there are some non-governmental organisations (NGO) providing services to small and medium-sized businesses to develop businesses, such as a group of young people from Pertubuhan Anak Watan Nasional provide free assistance of advertising materials

(Kasim, 2021). Moreover, Pertubuhan Kebajikan Ihsan Muda Pulau Pinang have allocated RM10,000 as an initiative to purchase their goods for distribution to the public (Malik, 2021). The charity project described demonstrates the Malaysian people's innovation and spirit in helping Pakistanis, and indirectly, this effort serves to enhance the country's economy.

The zakat institution plays a crucial role in the management of Muslims' zakat assets. The zakat system also contributes significantly to the country's economic development. When the country was hit by the COVID-19 pandemic, the zakat institution was hit as well, with a lower collection than the year before. Nonetheless, attempts to assist asnaf are continuing as usual. Various measures are being taken to guarantee that asnaf's rights are protected. This research focuses on zakat institutions' initiative in aiding asnaf entreprenuers in the SME sector.

This study has taken the example of initiatives from several zakat institutions looking at the form of initiatives implemented during the COVID-19 pandemic in the country. There are three primary sorts of initiatives done by the zakat institution:

- 1. Financial assistance in terms of capital and one-off cash payment.
- 2. Provision of comprehensive training by state zakat institutions or the result of cooperation with other bodies.
- 3. Provision of business platform including exemption of term premises rental fee

Throughout the COVID-19 pandemic, various initiatives of zakat institutions helping SMEs from the asnaf group can be clearly seen in table 1.

Table 1: Initiatives of Zakat Institutions

No	Institution of Zakat	Initiative
1.	Lembaga Zakat Selangor (LZS)	 RM 12.1 million COVID-19 assistance to B40 hawkers/traders & workers affected by income Program Pemerkasaan Usahawan dan Transformasi Pembangunan Inovatif for Asnaf Entrepreneurs Lembaga Zakat Selangor (LZS)
2.	Pusat Pungutan Zakat - Majlis Agama Islam Wilayah Persekutuan (PPZ- MAIWP)	 An allocation of RM15 million for the new aid, Musa'adah Tijariyyah which targets 5,000 recipients SME Corporation Malaysia (SME Corp) collaboration organises Programme Tunas Usahawan Baitulmal (TUB). Majlis Agama Islam Wilayah Persekutuan (MAIWP) dan Yayasan Pembangunan Ekonomi Islam Malaysia (YaPEIM) allocated RM3 million to assist entrepreneurs from the asnaf group to cope with the challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic.

3.	Majlis Agama Islam dan Adat Melayu Perak (MAIPk).	1. Special Assistance of Small Entrepreneurs Revolving Capital of RM2 million.
		1. Implement the Asnaf Capital Assistance Scheme (ABaM).
		Organizing Bengkel Pembentukan Model Perniagaan Usahawan Asnaf dan Kajian Keberkesanan Program Pemerkasaan Ekonomi Asnaf (Proper A).
4.	Zakat Pulau Pinang (ZPP)	 Special assistance for Zakat Pulau Pinang to small traders and hawkers affected by the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic on 23-28 march 2020.
		1. Skim Bantuan Khas COVID-19 (SKBC19) to 672-night market hawkers/farmers market/small entreprenuers amounting to RM336,000, in 2021.
		Kursus Transformasi Minda Usahawan organized by Zakat Pulau Pinang
5.	Lembaga Zakat Negeri Kedah Darul Aman (LZNK)	Distribution of Skim Bantuan Perniagaan/Jayadiri RM1.8 million in 2021 and RM1.4 million in the year 2020.
6.	Majlis Agama Islam dan Adat Istiadat Melayu Perlis (MAIPs)	Bantuan Khas Rangsangan Asnaf in the form of exemption for rental of houses, shops and bazaars for a period of 3 months' worth RM 343,317.
7.	Majlis Agama Islam dan Adat Istiadat Melayu Kelantan (MAIK)	Financial assistance ranging from RM300 to RM500 to 19,000 traders affected by COVID-19
8.	Pusat Kutipan Zakat Majlis Ugama Islam Pahang	Established the BizZakat Portal sebagai medium perniagaan.

		A donation of RM1,000 to each asnaf entrepreneur.
9.	Majlis Agama Islam Negeri Johor (MAINJ)	including hair trimming.
		 Online marketing in collaboration with Johor Bizz Digital.

CONCLUSION

The zakat institution's responsibility in supporting the masyarkat is not limited to catastrophe relief; in fact, zakat money are disbursed equally and effectively throughout the year. The zakat institution is always committed to assisting the asnaf. The COVID-19 epidemic has had an impact on entreprenuers income, particularly among SMEs, according to the study's findings. Although financial aid has a low value, when combined with training, it can have a significant impact. According to entreprenuer success tales, the most of them start with knowledge and small capital. Based on the findings of the study, zakat institutions have managed to provide assistance in various forms. In addition to creative initiatives such as the provision of sales platforms, skills training and financial assistance among the ideal assistance to be channeled to SMEs from the asnaf group. These efforts have been made to some extent to mitigate the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

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